

## **Net Stable Funding Ratio**

## As on Jun 30, 2023

The Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) is a significant component of the Basel III reforms. In the backdrop of the global financial crisis that started in 2007, the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (BCBS) proposed certain reforms to strengthen global capital and liquidity regulations with the objective of promoting a more resilient banking sector. In this regard, the Basel III rules text on liquidity – "Basel III: International framework for liquidity risk measurement, standards and monitoring" was issued in December 2010 which presented the details of global regulatory standards on liquidity. Two minimum standards, viz., Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) and Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) for funding liquidity were prescribed by the Basel Committee for achieving two separate but complementary objectives. The NSFR promotes resilience over a longer-term time horizon by requiring banks to fund their activities with more stable sources of funding on an ongoing basis.

The Liquidity Risk Management of the Bank is governed by the Asset Liability Management (ALM) Policy approved by the Board. The Asset Liability Committee (ALCO) is a decision-making unit responsible for implementing the liquidity and interest rate risk management strategy of the Bank in line with its risk management objectives and ensures adherence to the risk tolerance/limits set by the Board.

The guidelines for NSFR were effective from October 1, 2021. The NSFR is defined as the amount of available stable funding relative to the amount of required stable funding. "Available stable funding" (ASF) is defined as the portion of capital and liabilities expected to be reliable over the time horizon considered by the NSFR, which extends to one year. The amount of stable funding required ("Required stable funding") (RSF) of a specific institution is a function of the liquidity characteristics and residual maturities of the various assets held by that institution as well as those of its off-balance sheet (OBS) exposures.

Equitas Small Finance Bank Limited (ESFBL) during the quarter ended 30<sup>th</sup> Jun 2023, maintained ASF of ₹27,958 and RSF of Rs. ₹23,830 crores. The Bank's NSFR as on 30<sup>th</sup> Jun 2023 was at 117.32% as against RBI minimum requirement of 100%.



The table below sets out the NSFR of ESFBL for quarter ended Jun 30, 2023.

(Rs. in Crores)

Available Stable Funding (ASF) Item		Unweig	*********			
		No Maturity	< 6 months	6 months to < 1 year	>= 1 Year	Weighted value
1	<b>Capital:</b> (2+3)	4,665	-	-	-	4,665
2	Regulatory capital	4,665				4,665
3	Other capital Instruments	-				-
4	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers: (5+6)	9,025	1,281	1,211	7,429	17,963
5	Stable Deposits	3,380				3,211
6	Less stable deposits	5,645	1,281	1,211	7,429	14,752
7	Wholesale funding: (8+9)	1,616	858	4,313	1,936	5,330
8	Operational deposits					
9	Other wholesale funding	1,616	858	4,313	1,936	5,330
10	Other Liabilities (11+12)	5,870	-	-	-	-
11	NSFR derivative liabilities					
12	All other liabilities and equity not included in the above categories	5,870				-
13	Total ASF (1+4+7+10)					27,958
	Required Stable Funding (RSF) Item					
14	Total NSFR high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)					343
15	Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes	664				332
16	Performing loans and securities: (17+18+19+21+23)	-	4,416	3,867	18,621	19,365
17	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA					
18	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions	-	314	281		188
19	Performing loans to non-financial corporate clients, loans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, central banks, and PSEs, of which:		4,102	3,586		3,844
20	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardised Approach for credit risk				16,148	13,726
21	Performing residential mortgages, of which:				2,473	1,608



	With a risk weight of loss than or					
22	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II					
	Standardised Approach for credit risk					
	Securities that are not in default and					
23	do not qualify as HQLA, including					
	exchange-traded equities					
24	Other assets: (sum of rows 25 to 29)	3,737	5	4	35	3,770
25	Physical traded commodities,					
25	including gold					
	Assets posted as initial margin for					
26	derivative contracts and contributions	77				66
	to default funds of CCPs					
27	NSFR derivative assets					
20	NSFR derivative liabilities before					
28	deduction of variation margin posted					
20	All other assets not included in the	2.660	_	4	25	2.705
29	above categories	3,660	5	4	35	3,705
30	Off-balance sheet items	400				20
31	Total RSF (14+15+16+24+30)	4,801	4,421	3,871	18,656	23,830
32	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)					117.32%